Top:
Romberg and Shaw
Glenunga Flats
Adelaide, 1940

Middle Left:
Romberg and Shaw
Newburn Flats
Melbourne, 1939

Middle Right:
Hilstan Flats
Brighton
1939 (demolished)

Bottom:
Romberg and Shaw
Newburn Flats
Melbourne, 1939

Architect: Frederick Romberg
In 1940 Romberg began a partnership with Richard Hocking, a fellow employee at Stephenson and Turner, while still employed by the firm, a combined strain which made the partnership short-lived. Subsequently, Romberg left the practice and began a partnership with Mary Turner Shaw who had recently joined Stephenson and Turner after a stint overseas. This partnership lasted a year before Romberg established a solo practice.

He continued in solo practice until 1953, by which time joining forces with others was essential if he were to remain in operation. By then he had a record of work to his name and was in a position to choose partners who shared his architectural enthusiasms. The resulting enterprise with Roy Grunwold and Rolf Boyd, referred to as Romberg and Boyd was established in 1953.

In 1955 the firm moved to a large apartment house at 200 William Street, Melbourne. This yearlong association would enable them to pool financial resources and share ideological positions. Subsequently, Romberg again worked as a solo practitioner.

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